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Title: Automorphic loops arising from module endomorphisms

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A loop is automorphic if all its inner mappings are automorphisms. We construct a large family of automorphic loops as follows. Let R be a commutative ring, V an R-module,  $E = \operatorname{End}_R(V)$  the ring of R-endomorphisms of V, and W a subgroup of (E, +) such that ab = ba for every  $a, b \in W$  and 1 + a is invertible for every  $a \in W$ . Then  $Q_{R,V}(W)$  defined on  $W \times V$  by

$$(a, u)(b, v) = (a + b, u(1 + b) + v(1 - a))$$

is an automorphic loop.

A special case occurs when R = k < K = V is a field extension and W is a k-subspace of K such that  $k1 \cap W = 0$ , naturally embedded into  $\operatorname{End}_k(K)$  by  $a \mapsto M_a$ ,  $bM_a = ba$ . In this case we denote the automorphic loop  $Q_{R,V}(W)$  by  $Q_{k < K}(W)$ .

We call the parameters tame if k is a prime field, W generates K as a field over k, and K is perfect when  $\operatorname{char}(k) = 2$ . We describe the automorphism groups of tame automorphic loops  $Q_{k < K}(W)$ , and we solve the isomorphism problem for tame automorphic loops  $Q_{k < K}(W)$ . A special case solves a problem about automorphic loops of order  $p^3$  posed by Jedlička, Kinyon and Vojtěchovský.

We conclude the paper with a construction of an infinite 2-generated abelian-bycyclic automorphic loop of prime exponent.

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